# **Global Markets Monitor**

THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 2020

- US dollar hedging costs fall amid increased liquidity from Fed repo operations (link)
- ECB leaves policy stance unchanged; set to announce details on strategy review (link)
- Italian sovereign bonds reverse losses ahead of regional elections (link)
- Bank of Canada maintains policy stance but signals cautiousness around growth (link)
- Chinese equities decline sharply on coronavirus concerns (link)
- Bank Indonesia keeps rates unchanged and cites policy remains accommodative (link)

<u>US | Europe | Other Mature | Emerging Markets | Market Tables</u>

#### Risk sentiment remains fragile while attention turns to central bank decisions

Markets remain focused on the coronavirus in China and the possible economic implications, while also absorbing a number of central banks decisions over the past day. Yesterday, the S&P 500 ended the day flat after earnings-driven momentum was largely offset by commodity price pressures that adversely affected the energy and materials sectors. Crude oil prices have continued to struggle, down over 3% for the week, against the global demand threat posed by the coronavirus, which aggravated existing concerns around expanding US oil production. Overnight, Asian equities traded lower on the persistent concerns about the virus outbreak, while European bourses are only modestly lower. However, market contacts have indicated that absent a serious pandemic, the global economic risks from the virus are limited and is unlikely to be a serious risk-off catalyst. On central banks, the Bank of Canada's policy meeting was interpreted as surprisingly dovish, which pushed markets to price in a higher likelihood of a rate c ut this year and drove the CAD 0.7% weaker against the USD. This morning, the ECB remained on hold with no changes in the policy stance and will formally announce the parameters of its strategy review later this morning. EM assets are narrowly mixed, with the only notable price moves in China as the CNY has depreciated 0.4%.

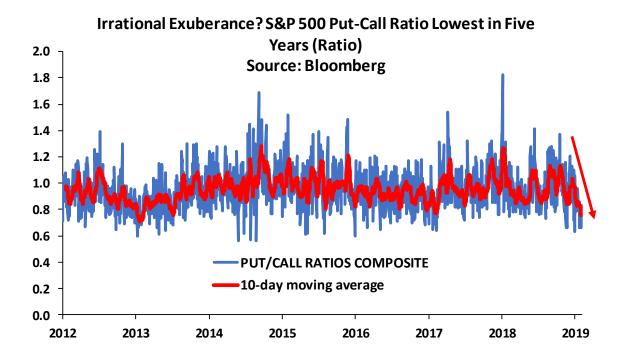
**Key Global Financial Indicators** 

Last updated:	Leve	l	Ch				
1/23/20 8:10 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
Equities				9	%		%
S&P 500		3322	0.0	1	3	26	3
Eurostoxx 50	and the same	3757	-0.3	0	-1	21	0
Nikkei 225	many many	23795	-1.0	-1	0	16	1
MSCI EM	many many	45	-0.9	-1	2	11	1
Yields and Spreads				b	ps		
US 10y Yield		1.74	-0.5	-6	-19	-100	-17
Germany 10y Yield	and the same	-0.28	-1.6	-6	-3	-50	-9
EMBIG Sovereign Spread	montheman	300	2	9	8	-70	7
FX / Commodities / Volatility				9	%		
EM FX vs. USD, (+) = appreciation	marina	60.9	0.0	0	0	-4	-1
Dollar index, (+) = \$ appreciation	manument	97.5	0.0	0	0	1	1
Brent Crude Oil (\$/barrel)	and market	62.1	-1.7	-4	-6	2	-6
VIX Index (%, change in pp)	menter	13.3	0.4	1	1	-6	0

Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than ±1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

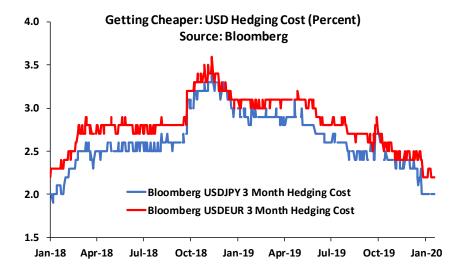
#### United States back to top

Stocks made small gains as fears about the coronavirus dissipated. Treasury yields were little changed. Risk assets more broadly have resumed their nearly across-the-board rallies in the new year on expectations of stronger corporate earnings in 2020 and a recovery in the global economy led by China and Germany, among other countries. Oil and other energy related commodities are one of the few sectors to be out of favor. Some analysts have become worried about the sustainability of the market advances, pointing to technical indicators suggesting that valuations could be getting stretched. One widely followed measure is the S&P 500 put to call ratio which is at its lowest level since 2014, showing bullish sentiment is very high by historical standards.



The US corporate bond market is also benefiting from the resurgent risk appetite among investors as the primary market remains red hot. \$108 bn of new deals have already been priced in January amid forecasts of \$120 bn by the end of the month. Yesterday, Citi, Morgan Stanley and Adobe were among the companies selling bonds. In other news, US existing home sales were stronger than expected, up a robust 3.6% in December compared to the consensus forecast of a 1.5% gain. Last week, the housing starts data were also much stronger than expected, while the latest data from Black Knight analytics show that the mortgage delinquency rate has fallen close to an all-time low. These positive surprises have led to speculation that the housing market could do better than most analysts had forecasted and provide a boost to the overall economy.

Fed action to add liquidity to the US repo markets has led to a sharp decline in US dollar hedging costs, making US bond markets more attractive to foreign investors. The Fed's \$256 bn liquidity injections via its term and overnight repo operations have flooded the money markets with extra cash, with cash holders now competing to find opportunities to lend out their money. This has provided foreign investors seeking to borrow dollars to buy US bonds with attractive funding conditions. Bloomberg's three-month FX USD hedging cost indexes for the yen and the euro are at their lowest levels in two years at 1.95% and 2.22% per annum respectively. Contacts report that the new issuance market for dollar bonds has seen a sharp increase in participation by foreign investors this year. Low funding costs has also brought in a flood of European corporates and banks seeking to raise money in the dollar bond market.

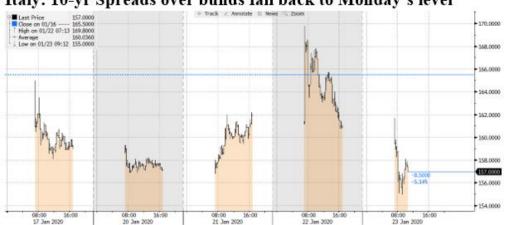


#### **Europe** back to top

Equities are little changed, reversing earlier losses (for a year-to-date gain of 1.2%). European bank stocks are up +0.9% (but still down 2.2% year-to-date). The euro was little changed against the USD. Core yields tightened 2 bps ahead of the ECB meeting.

This morning, the ECB left its policy interest rates and bond buying program unchanged, and announced it will provide details about the scope and timetable of the strategy review following President Lagarde's press conference. There was little market reaction to this anticipated outcome, and the attention of financial markets is likely on upcoming announcements related to the central bank's policy review. ECB President Christine Lagarde is expected to announce a launch date for the strategy review and the topics to be covered. When it comes to content, Ms. Lagarde has previously stated she wants the discussion to be "comprehensive", with its "core and center" represented by the definition of the mediumterm objective of monetary policy.

10-yr BTP spreads fell 4 bps to 156 bps as 5-star and PD politicians emphasized that Di Maio's resignation as 5-star leader would not alter the government's decision-making process. Italian equities gained +0.6% (up +1.5% year-to-date).



Italy: 10-yr Spreads over bunds fall back to Monday's level

Source: Bloomberg and IMF staff

The quick recovery in Italian bonds suggests that investors do not expect new national elections and a further increase in political uncertainty. Nevertheless, analysts will be closely monitoring the outcome of this weekend's regional elections in Emilia Romagna, a traditional stronghold of the Italian center-left. Center-left and center-right candidates are close in polls.

Last 3 Polls for the Emilia Romagna Regional Election (%) Centre-Left (Bonaccini) ■ Centre-Right (Borgonzoni) 50.0 47.0 46.5 45.0 44.5 44.0 43.0 45.0 40.0 35.0 30.0 25.0 20.0 15.0 10.0 5.0 0.0 SWG **EMG** Demopolis Pollster

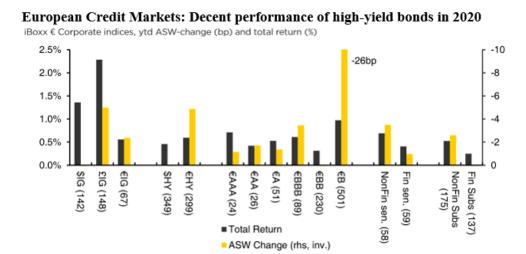
Italy: Opinion polls suggest divided voting intentions in Emilia Romagna

Source: Opinion polls (SWG, EMG, Demopolis), Morgan Stanley Research

French FM Le Maire said that France and U.S. have agreed on a global digital tax framework, adding that the French digital tax will be delayed until end of 2020, and the U.S. will not impose tariffs on French goods.

Spain's new government announced a 5.5% rise in the minimum wage (to €1108 gross a month) effective immediately as part of a plan to raise the net minimum wage to 60% of average national wage by the end of the legislature.

Commerzbank points out that European high-yield credit had a strong start to the year, both in terms of primary issuance and performance. Single B-rated bonds have tightened 26 bps in 2020 (for a year-to-date return of 1%) with strong primary market activity (€2.2 bn of 4 high-yield deals in 2020).



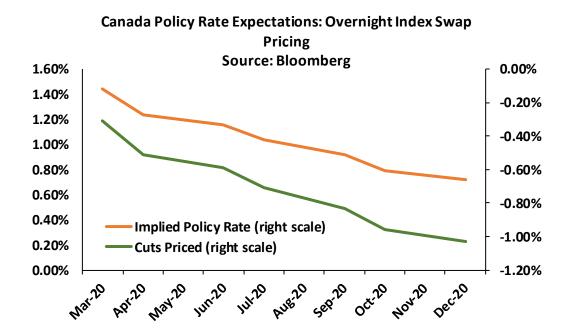
Source: Markit and Commerzbank

The Norges Bank left rates unchanged at 1.50%, as expected. The communication kept to the recent script of a "balanced" outlook, suggesting that "the policy rate will most likely remain at the present level in the coming period." The bank ended its 4-hike tightening cycle in September. There was little reaction in NOK or local assets.

#### Other Mature Markets back to top

#### Canada

The Bank of Canada (BoC) stayed on hold at 1.75% as expected but some commentators thought that the statement was less confident about the economy than expected. While keeping the policy rate unchanged for the 10<sup>th</sup> consecutive meeting, the BoC noted that the weakness seen at the end of last year may extend into 2020. The output gap was also likely wider than it thought last year. This is a change in tone from recent statements where officials stressed the positive aspects of the economy, which had proved more resistant to the slowdown than many other countries. With the highest policy rate among the major developed economies, the door could be opening for a potential rate cut later this year. The Canadian overnight index swap market is pricing 30 bps of a rate cut at the next meeting on March 4, up from nearly zero in recent sessions. The market has priced in a full rate cut by the end of the year. CIBC predicts that rising unemployment will force the Bank to cut at the April meeting. The CAD weakened versus the dollar following the news as USD-CAD reached its strongest level so far this year and Canadian government bond yields were lower.



Japan

Japanese equities followed Chinese peers downwards on concerns over the coronavirus. The Topix (-0.8%) and the Nikkei (-1.0%) saw sizeable losses. The yield on 10-year JGBs edged down 2 bps to 0.02%. The yen (+0.2%) strengthened to ¥109.6.

### Emerging Markets back to top

Equities in the major Asian bourses plummeted on mounting fears over the spread of the coronavirus. Stocks in Shanghai (-2.8), Hong Kong (-1.3%), and South Korea (-0.9%) posted notable losses, while the Philippines (+1.9%) and India (+0.5%) bucked the trend. Stocks in EMEA were mixed, with small gains in Turkey (+0.2%), Egypt (+0.2%), and Morocco (+0.1%); and losses in South Africa (-0.8%) and Saudi Arabia (-0.6%). Asian and EMEA currencies weakened to the dollar by about 0.1% to 0.3%. Latin American equities closed with gains, partially recovering from the prior day's losses. Equities in Argentina (+1.2%) and Brazil (+1.2%) led the gains, and losses were limited to Chile (-0.5%). Currencies saw modest appreciations in Brazil (+0.8%) and Colombia (+0.6%). Sovereign yields moved up somewhat in most markets but decreased by 6 bps on Brazilian sovereign local currency debt at the 2-year maturity and by 7 bps on Colombian sovereign peso debt at the 10-year maturity.

**Key Emerging Market Financial Indicators** 

Last updated:	Lev	el					
1/23/20 8:13 AM	Last 12m	index	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
Major EM Benchmarks				(	%		%
MSCI EM Equities	and the think	45.43	-0.9	-1	2	11	1
MSCI Frontier Equities	mysom	31.19	0.0	1	3	12	3
EMBIG Sovereign Spread (in bps)	mymmymyn	300	2	9	8	-70	7
EM FX vs. USD	my	60.88	0.0	0	0	-4	-1
Major EM FX vs. USD	,		%, (				
China Renminbi	man and a second	6.93	-0.4	-1	1	-2	0
Indonesian Rupiah	Munica	13639	0.1	0	2	4	2
Indian Rupee	mundere	71.27	-0.1	0	0	0	0
Argentine Peso	man de	60.09	0.0	0	0	-37	0
Brazil Real	my	4.17	0.2	0	-2	-10	-3
Mexican Peso	mahama	18.72	-0.1	0	1	2	1
Russian Ruble	Merlynn	61.90	-0.1	0	1	7	0
South African Rand		14.38	-0.4	0	-1	-4	-3
Turkish Lira	of the man	5.93	-0.1	-1	0	-11	0
EM FX volatility	mon	6.02	0.0	-0.1	-0.4	-3.0	-0.6

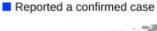
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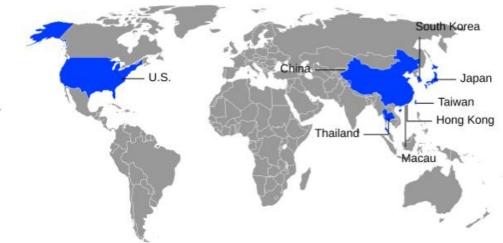
#### China

Chinese authorities have placed Wuhan city in lockdown and closed all transportation access to the 11 mn-people city. The move has announced after the death toll from the coronavirus increased to at least 17 reported cases in China and the number of contagious cases continued to spread to seven countries as of now. National authorities are particularly concerned aboud the risk of contagion during the Lunar New Year travel season, when billions of trips across the country are anticipated. Chinese equities plummeted, with the Shanghai Composite lossing 2.8% and Hong Kong's Hang Seng 1.5%. The onshore renminbi CNY weakened 0.4% to 6.93 to the dollar and the offshore CNH lost 0.3% to 6.93.

#### **Threat Widens**

Coronavirus has spread from China to at least seven other locations





Sources: National and municipal health authorities

Bloomberg

#### Toll of Asia's Viruses

The most deadly viruses emerged from human contact with live animals

Virus	Dates	Human deaths worldwide	Origin
Asian flu	1957-1958	Estimated 2 million	Mutation in wild ducks combining with a pre- existing human strain
SARS	2002-2003	Almost 800	Thought to be from "animal reservoir," perhaps bats, that spread to other animals such as civet cats
H5N1 Bird flu	1997-	Approximately 455	First detected in geese in China and transmitted to humans from infected birds
H7N9 Bird flu	2013-	Approximately 616	Transmitted from infected poultry to humans at live bird markets

Sources: World Health Organization, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

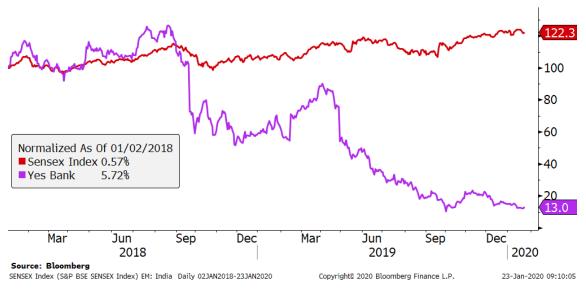
Bloomberg

#### India

The head of State Bank of India (SBI) anticipates a solution for beleaguered Yes Bank, according to Bloomberg. With a balance sheet of close to \$40 bn, Yes Bank has come under increased investor scrutiny due to concerns over its asset quality and ability to raise fresh equity. About two weeks ago, Yes Bank approved a capital raising of \$1.4 bn but details of the operation have not emerged. The chairman of the government-owned SBI said yesterday on Bloomberg television that he expects a solution to be found to

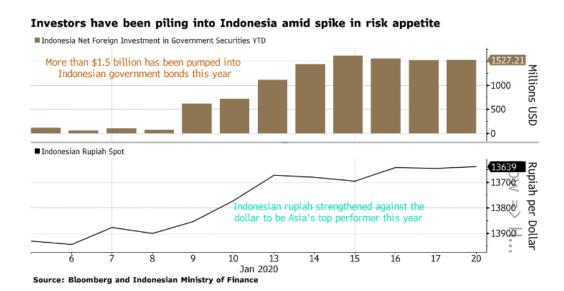
avoid the failure of the private lender. The equity price of Yes Bank has lost close to 80% in value over the last two years but they posted a 5.6% gain today following the comments by SBI's chairman.





#### Indonesia

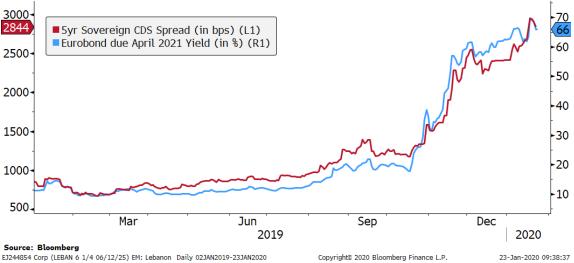
The central bank kept its main policy rate at 5% as expected. Although inflation has been coming down – and running at 2.7% y/y in December – and growth remains at about 5% y/y, governor Warjiyo expressed some concern about the lack of growth in lending, estimated at only 6.1% for 2019. With this interest rate decision, Bank Indonesia has kept rates on hold for 3 consecutive meetings after delivering 100 bps in rate cuts last year. Indonesia has remained an attarctive destination for global investors – drawing over \$1.5 bn in sovereign bond net inflows in 2020 already – while the rupiah has strengthened 2.5% since the beginning of the year.



#### Lebanon

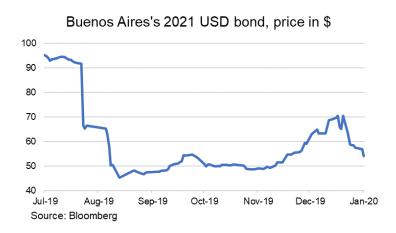
**Lebanese assets remain under stress as Eurobond repayment approaches.** Lebanon is scheduled to make a \$1.2 bn Eurobond repayment on March 9. The incoming finance minister Ghazi Wazni said that discussions on the repayment of Eurobonds will be on the top of the government's agenda next week. The finance minister also said that he does not expect a devaluation of the Lebanese lira any time soon. The cost of insuring Lebanese sovereign debt against default has now topped 2800 bps.





#### **Argentina**

**S&P** downgraded its rating for Argentina's local currency sovereign debt. The rating agency reduced the country's sovereign long-term local currency debt rating from CCC- and the respective short-term debt rating from C to selective default. S&P emphasized concerns over the repayment outlook for Argentina's public debt, as the province of Buenos Aires simultaneously extended the deadline for investors' approval of the postponement of a debt service payment scheduled for January 26. The price of the province's respective USD debt tranche slid over the day by 5% to \$54. These developments also put pressure on the country's federal sovereign offshore USD debt, with respective yields increasing across the entire term curve, 143 bps at the 2-year maturity and 18 bps at the 30-year maturity. The Argentine peso stood firm, while stock markets partially recovered by +1.2% from the previous day's slump.



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## **Global Financial Indicators**

Last updated:	Leve	el					
1/23/20 8:11 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
Equities				o,	<b>%</b>		%
United States	همسمه مهاسمها سهدمه	3322	0.0	1	3	26	3
Europe	and the same of the same	3757	-0.3	0	-1	21	0
Japan	John Donah Donah	23795	-1.0	-1	0	16	1
China	my	2977	-2.8	-3	0	15	-2
Asia Ex Japan	and march	75	0.5	-2	2	13	1
Emerging Markets	and the same	45	-0.9	-1	2	11	1
Interest Rates				basis	points		
US 10y Yield		1.74	-0.5	-6	-19	-100	-17
Germany 10y Yield		-0.28	-1.6	-6	-3	-50	-9
Japan 10y Yield	and the same of th	-0.02	-1.9	-3	-3	-2	-1
UK 10y Yield	and a second	0.62	-1.7	-3	-16	-71	-20
Credit Spreads	_			basis	points		
US Investment Grade	monumen	99	0.4	-2	-2	-31	2
US High Yield	marker marker	398	1.7	10	5	-43	5
Europe IG	www.	44	0.5	1	0	-33	0
Europe HY	and the source	215	2.1	8	6	-117	8
EMBIG Sovereign Spread	surry Marara	300	2.0	9	8	-70	7
Exchange Rates				Q	%		
USD/Majors	Mary Market	97.54	0.0	0	0	1	1
EUR/USD	whomphomen	1.11	0.0	0	0	-3	-1
USD/JPY	my waterman	109.6	0.2	1	0	0	-1
EM/USD		60.9	0.0	0	0	-4	-1
Commodities				Q	%		
Brent Crude Oil (\$/barrel)	wanty my and	62	-1.7	-4	-6	2	-6
Industrials Metals (index)	May what we will all the second	113	-0.9	-3	-2	0	-1
Agriculture (index)	my may me	41	0.0	0	0	-5	-1
Implied Volatility				o,	<b>%</b>		
VIX Index (%, change in pp)	whilm	13.3	0.4	0.9	0.7	-6.2	-0.5
10y Treasury Volatility Index	what Make	4.0	0.0	0.2	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Global FX Volatility	www.mm	5.2	0.0	-0.1	-0.3	-2.7	-0.8
EA Sovereign Spreads			10-Year spread vs. Germany (bps)				
Greece		161	-1.4	-1	-9	-234	-4
Italy	many and a second	156	-5.0	-10	-11	-97	-4
Portugal	Mary Mary	71	-0.8	-3	5	-78	8
Spain	myma	66	-1.1	-2	-2	-43	1

Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than ±1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

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## **Emerging Market Financial Indicators**

Last updated:	Exchange Rates							Local Currency Bond Yields (GBI EM)						
1/23/2020	Leve			Change				Level		Change (in basis points)				
8:14 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Davs	12 M	YTD	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Davs	12 M	YTD
		vs. USD	(+	⊦) = EM ap		on			% p.a.			Davo		
China	A STANDARD	6.93	-0.4	-0.8	1	-2	0	John John	3.1	-2.0	-7	-16	-3	-9
Indonesia	marry	13639	0.1	0.0	2	4	2	in	6.8	-6.9	-17	-42	-146	-30
India	my man source	71	-0.1	-0.5	0	0	0	mun	6.9	-0.4	-4	-1	-66	1
Philippines	Why have	51	-0.1	-0.6	0	3	-1	and the same of th	4.3	-2.0	-2	0	-155	-4
Thailand	warm	30	-0.3	-0.3	-1	4	-2	- was	1.6	-0.4	0	-10	-107	-4
Malaysia	wan	4.07	-0.1	-0.2	2	2	1	and have	3.2	-12.5	-13	-23	-87	-19
Argentina		60	0.0	-0.2	0	-37	0		52.7	123.2	-72	-1480	3150	-991
Brazil	who who	4.17	0.2	0.3	-2	-10	-3	were were	6.1	-4.5	-2	-31	-188	-18
Chile	Munum.	769	0.4	0.9	-2	-13	-2	Mr.	3.3	2.5	-8	1	-123	1
Colombia	mm mm	3334	0.0	-0.3	-1	-6	-2	manyment	5.7	-4.8	-6	-25	-89	-27
Mexico	munum	18.72	-0.1	0.4	1	2	1	and a second	6.9	-2.8	1	-10	-181	-2
Peru	my My	3.3	0.1	0.3	0	1	0	mondone	4.4	0.4	-8	-10	-134	-14
Uruguay		37	0.1	0.1	-1	-13	0	~~~~	10.5	-17.1	-27	-39		-35
Hungary	moreone	304	-0.3	-1.2	-2	-8	-3	may man	1.4	3.3	14	24	-81	18
Poland	moundance	3.83	-0.2	-0.7	1	-1	-1	mayoner	2.0	-0.4	1	15	-27	13
Romania	many many	4.3	0.0	-0.4	0	-3	-1	hammen	3.9	0.0	1	-14	-57	-10
Russia	www.	61.9	-0.1	-0.4	1	7	0	and and	6.0	0.0	-4	-24	-211	-16
South Africa	mand and	14.4	-0.4	0.2	-1	-4	-3	man	9.5	-1.0	-11	-5	-13	-5
Turkey	A Physical Company	5.93	-0.1	-1.2	0	-11	0	- Jean	10.3	-11.6	-20	-172	-624	-141
US (DXY; 5y UST	my many may	98	0.0	0.2	0	1	1	and the same	1.55	-2.3	-7	-20	-102	-14

	Equity Markets							Bond Spreads on USD Debt (EMBIG)								
	Level	Level		Change (in %)				Level		Change (in basis points)						
	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD		
								basis poi	basis points		basis points					
China	mann	2977	-2.8	-3	0	15	-2	Marchaelphopola	174	0	1	-2	-7	-2		
Indonesia	war harry	6249	0.3	-1	-1	-3	-1	may my mass	167	2	7	10	-35	11		
India	Mulmon mana	41386	0.7	-1	-1	15	0	and market	127	-2	2	-3	-57	2		
Philippines	southy my	7616	2.0	0	-3	-5	-3	Jun-hymely vary	72	-2	2	4	-26	6		
Malaysia	Mary Company	1574	-0.2	-1	-2	-7	-1	monda	104	0	2	-7	-40	-8		
Argentina		42002	1.2	2	5	21	1		1987	3	180	112	1317	218		
Brazil	any many many many many many many many m	118391	1.2	1	2	23	2	-	218	2	10	7	-25	3		
Chile	- Mary Mary	4673	-0.5	-4	-1	-13	0	my	144	0	7	5	1	11		
Colombia	~~~~~	1650	-0.2	0	-1	17	-1	mynhine	173	1	7	9	-25	10		
Mexico	www	45604	-0.1	3	3	4	5	may proff you	296	1	4	1	-20	4		
Peru	way your	20680	0.3	1	2	6	1	mynymen	115	1	7	7	-35	8		
Hungary	man man	44728	0.3	1	-3	10	-3	for applyment have	96	0	6	11	-38	10		
Poland	morrow	58490	0.2	-1	2	-4	1	an who have have	24	0	4	8	-39	6		
Romania	~~~~~	10191	0.6	1	3	43	2	washing way	182	1	4	9	-35	9		
Russia	~~~~	3164	-0.3	0	4	27	4	and the state of the	142	0	5	11	-75	11		
South Africa	~~~~~~	57107	-1.4	-2	0	6	0	manyman	340	2	15	16	18	20		
Turkey	more	122726	0.0	1	9	23	7	anough when	365	-2	-4	-40	-54	-36		
Ukraine	my my man	505	0.0	0	-1	-9	-1	munder	365	8	8	-50	-313	-55		
EM total		45	-0.9	-1	2	11	1	mygune	300	2	9	8	-70	7		

 $Colors \ denote \ tightening/easing \ financial \ conditions \ for \ observations \ greater \ than \ \pm 1.5 \ standard \ deviations. \ Data \ source: \ Bloomberg.$ 

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